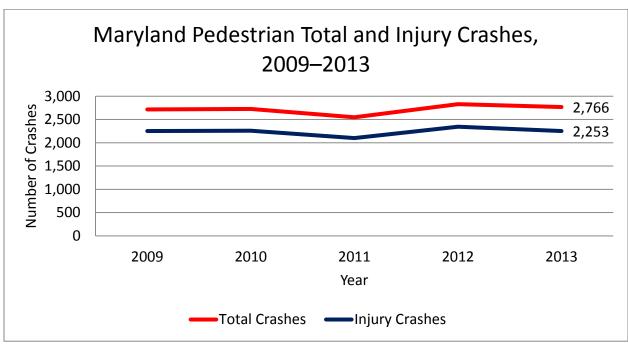
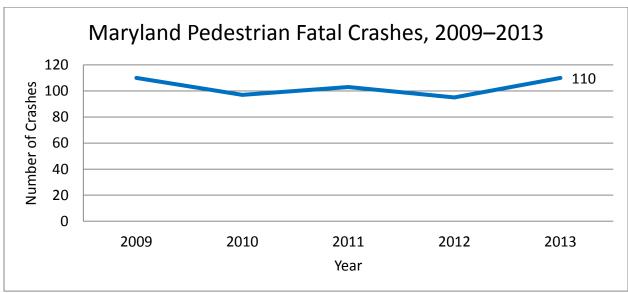
PEDESTRIAN SAFETY IN MARYLAND

THE FACTS



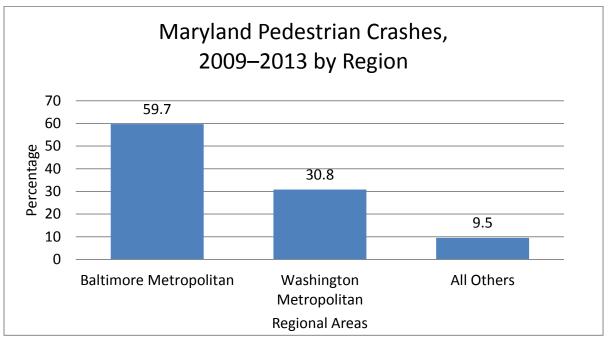


Motor vehicle crashes are a huge threat to public health. Over the past decade, the number of crashes reported on the nation's roadways has declined annually. However, motor vehicle crashes continue to be a leading cause of death in the United States¹. In 2012, approximately 5.6 million crashes were reported; approximately 30 percent resulted in an injury or fatality².

¹ CDC National Vital Statistics Reports – 10 Leading Causes of Death, United States, 2012

² NHTSA Traffic Safety Facts – Overview DOT HS 812 016

- Pedestrian-involved crashes in Maryland are fluctuating. Overall, the number of pedestrian crashes and those resulting in injuries and/or fatalities have rebounded in Maryland over the past five years.
- Fatalities are high among pedestrian-involved crashes. Annually,
 Maryland drivers were involved in nearly 3,000 pedestrian crashes,
 more than 86 percent of which resulted in an injury or fatality. In 2013,
 pedestrian crashes accounted for three percent of the State's
 approximately 90,000 crashes, but accounted for close to 25 percent of statewide fatalities. One
 out of every four people killed in Maryland in a traffic- related fatality crash involved a
 pedestrian.
- Metropolitan areas have the highest concentration of pedestrian-involved crashes³. Between 2009 and 2013, about 90 percent of pedestrian-involved crashes occurred in Baltimore and Washington metropolitan areas. Although the majority of pedestrian-involved crashes occurred in Baltimore City, Prince George's County accounted for the greatest number of crashes resulting in a fatality.



Source: Pedestrian Benchmark Reports, Last updated Aug 2013

• Pedestrian-involved crashes are highest during the spring and fall seasons. The number of pedestrian crashes and total statewide crashes showed a similar distribution throughout the year. The spring and fall seasons accounted for the highest number of total pedestrian crashes. However, fatal pedestrian crashes increased most between September and December.

1 in 4 deadly

crashes in

³ Baltimore Metropolitan area is comprised of Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, and Howard Counties, and Baltimore City as designated by the Baltimore Metropolitan Council. The Washington Metropolitan Area is defined as Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties as designated by the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments.

- Fridays, Saturdays, and evening hours are dangerous times for pedestrians. On average, Friday
 was the peak day for pedestrian overall and injury crashes. Fatal crashes also occurred most
 often on Fridays. Nearly half of all pedestrian crashes occurred between 3 p.m. and 10 p.m.;
 however, pedestrian crashes resulting in fatalities occurred most often during the mid- to lateevening hours (6 p.m. 11 p.m.).
- Teen and young adult drivers and pedestrians accounted for a large share of those involved in pedestrian crashes. Approximately three out of 10 pedestrian crashes in Maryland involved drivers ages 34 and younger. Pedestrians between the ages of 10 and 29 accounted for nearly 40 percent of those struck by vehicles; however, older pedestrians (ages 45–59) comprised over 30 percent of those involved in fatal crashes.
- Males are most often the victims and drivers in pedestrian-involved crashes. Males accounted for the greatest number of pedestrians involved in crashes. Nearly 70 percent of all pedestrian fatalities were male. Approximately half of all drivers involved in a pedestrian crash were male.

BACKGROUND

Pedestrian safety is an issue that affects everyone in Maryland; young and old, drivers and walkers, during the day and at night. Everyone is a pedestrian in some capacity at one point or another. Many unnecessary injuries and fatalities occur as a result of intoxication, ignorance or inattentiveness by either or both motorists and/or pedestrians. Maryland's roadways should be safe places for all transportation modes. Laws related to pedestrian safety need to be enforced and pedestrians need to be educated on the laws and how to do their part to improve their safety.

MARYLAND'S PEDESTRIAN SAFETY LAWS

For Drivers

- TR§21-502(a)2 Failure to stop for pedestrian in crosswalk
 - Driver of a vehicle shall come to a complete stop when a pedestrian crossing the roadway in a crosswalk is: (i) on the half of the roadway on which the vehicle is traveling or (ii) approaching from an adjacent lane on the other half of the roadway.

Penalty: \$80 or up to \$500.00. One Point.

TR§21-502(c) Passing a vehicle stopped for a pedestrian
 It is unlawful for a driver to pass a vehicle that is stopped for a pedestrian either in a marked or unmarked crosswalk.

Penalty: \$80 or up to \$500.00. One Point.

TR§21-202(c, e) Failure to yield right-of-way when turning on green signal or green arrow
 Vehicles facing a circular green signal, including any vehicle turning left or right, shall yield right-of-way to any pedestrian lawfully within an adjacent crosswalk.

Penalty: \$90 or up to \$500.00. One Point.

TR§21-202(h) Failure to stop at clearly marked stop line

Vehicles facing a steady circular red signal or red arrow signal shall stop at the near side of the intersection at a clearly marked stop line, or before entering the crosswalk.

Penalty: \$140 or up to \$500.00. Two Points.

TR§21-202(k) Failure to yield to pedestrian before turn on red

Vehicles facing a red signal shall, after stopping, yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian lawfully within an adjacent crosswalk.

Penalty: \$90 or up to \$500.00. One Point.

TR§21-504(a, b, c) Failure to exercise due care to avoid hitting a pedestrian

The driver of a vehicle shall exercise due care to avoid colliding with any pedestrian, shall warn any pedestrian by sounding a horn, and shall exercise proper precaution on observing any confused or incapacitated pedestrians.

Penalty: \$70 or up to \$500.00. One Point.

• TR§21-801(h) Special dangers as to pedestrians

The driver of a vehicle shall drive at an appropriate, reduced speed when any special danger exists as to pedestrians.

Penalty: \$90 or up to \$500.00. One Point.

For Pedestrians

• TR§21-202(I) Failure to obey red traffic signal

Pedestrian facing a steady red traffic signal alone may not enter the roadway.

Penalty: \$80 or up to \$500.00.

• TR§21-203(c) Failure to obey pedestrian control signal

Pedestrian may not start to cross the roadway in the direction of a solid "don't walk" or "upraised hand" signal.

Penalty: \$40 or up to \$500.00.

• TR§21-503(a) Failure to yield right-of-way to vehicle

If a pedestrian crosses a roadway at any point other than in a marked crosswalk or in an unmarked crosswalk at an intersection, the pedestrian shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle.

Penalty: \$40 or up to \$500.00.

• TR§21-503(c) Failure to cross at signalized intersection

Between adjacent intersections at which a traffic control signal is in operation, a pedestrian may cross only in a marked crosswalk.

Penalty: \$40 or up to \$500.00.

TR§21-503(d) Crossing intersection diagonally

Pedestrian may not cross an intersection diagonally unless authorized by a traffic control device. **Penalty: \$40 or up to \$500.00.**

• TR§21-506(a, b) Pedestrian unlawfully on roadway

Where a sidewalk is provided, a pedestrian may not walk along and on an adjacent roadway. Where no sidewalk is provided, a pedestrian may walk only on the left shoulder or on the left side of the roadway, facing traffic.

Penalty: \$40 or up to \$500.00.

MARYLAND'S PEDESTRIAN SAFETY PROGRAMS

Street Smart Pedestrian & Bicycle Safety Campaign

Established in 2002 in the Washington D.C. metropolitan area, the *Street Smart* campaign continues to address pedestrian safety issues through coordinated education and enforcement activities. The *Street Smart D.C.* campaign is managed by the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments and its Transportation Planning Board.

In 2009, the *Street Smart* program was expanded to include the Baltimore metropolitan region. The Baltimore *Street Smart* campaign has successfully administered media and public outreach efforts and coordinated regional enforcement efforts targeting specific corridors. For more information visit: http://towardzerodeathsmd.com/pedestrian-safety/.

The Street Smart campaign components include:

- Media campaign with television and radio public service announcements, outdoor advertising and outreach materials;
- Editorials in numerous newspapers describing the pedestrian and bicycle crash problems;
- Street Teams and outreach in High Crash Corridors;
- Literature distribution utilizing geographic-specific information; and
- Law enforcement operations targeting priority corridors and neighborhoods

Walk Smart Pedestrian Safety Campaign

During the past two years in Ocean City, the *Walk Smart* campaign collaborates with the Maryland Highway Safety Office, Maryland State Highway Administration (SHA), Maryland State Police, local law enforcement and many other partners to support the comprehensive pedestrian safety campaign to reduce injuries and fatalities at the beach. The *Walk Smart* campaign leveraged state and local resources to integrate the four Es (Engineering, Education, Enforcement and EMS) of traffic safety into pedestrian safety. Engineering improvements such as improved crosswalks, signage and signal timing along with large-scale education and enforcement efforts have contributed to campaign success, namely zero pedestrian fatalities between Memorial Day and Labor Day in 2013 and 2014.

Maryland Safe Routes to School Program (SRTS)

- The Federal Highway Administration administers the *SRTS* program funds and provides guidance and regulations about *SRTS* programs.
- Federal *SRTS* funds are distributed to states based on student enrollment, with no state receiving less than \$1 million per year.
- *SRTS* funds can be used for both infrastructure projects and non-infrastructure activities.
- Managed by the Maryland SHA, Maryland's federally funded SRTS program is the source for state coordinator contact details, federal SRTS funding amounts, SRTS applications and guidelines, and state SRTS program information.

Maryland Highway Safety Office and its Regional Traffic Safety Programs (RTSP)

• RTSP partners distributed more than 100,000 pieces of educational material in 2014, including Street Smart branded materials, school system electronic pedestrian safety alerts, pedestrian safety law cards, booklets for school aged children, copies of the Bicycling in Maryland booklet, safe bicycling brochures and other materials.

PEDESTRIAN SAFETY TIPS

Pedestrian safety is an issue that affects every community in Maryland; young and old, walkers and drivers, during the daytime and at night. Everyone is a pedestrian. Many unnecessary injuries and fatalities occur as a result of distraction or intoxication of either or both drivers and pedestrians. Roadways should be safe places for everyone regardless of their transportation mode. Here are a few tips for pedestrians and motorists to help keep pedestrians as safe as possible on our roads:

For Pedestrians

- Walk smart. Be predictable when walking. Use sidewalks where provided and cross only at crosswalks. Stay off highways and restricted zones.
- Pay attention and always look left, right, and left again before crossing the street.
- Avoid distractions and the use of electronic devices while walking. Focus on getting to your destination safely.
- Crosswalks and traffic lights don't stop cars! The WALK signal does not mean it is safe to cross. It only means it is your turn to cross. Check that traffic has come to a stop before crossing.
- Always look both ways before stepping between stopped vehicles as they may block your view of moving traffic.
- Wear brightly colored clothing to be easily seen day or night. At night, also wear reflective materials.
- Walk only on the sidewalk. If there isn't a sidewalk nearby, walk on the side of the road facing traffic.
- Stand a safe distance away from the roadway and traffic while waiting for a bus.
- Remember to look left, right and left again before crossing the street.

For Drivers: Do Your Part

- Always come to a complete stop at stop signs and stop lights.
- Always yield to pedestrians and stop for pedestrians in a crosswalk, even if it is not marked.
- Pay attention. Slow down. Be especially attentive around school zones and in neighborhoods where children are active.
- Avoid distractions while driving. Keep your eyes on the road and focus on getting where you need to go safely.
- Keep your windshield and headlights clean for maximum visibility.

CONTACTS FOR PEDESTRIAN SAFETY IN MARYLAND

MARYLAND MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION

Contact: MVA's Press Information at 410-762-5188